

## V1

$$
f(x)=(x-1)^{2}-4
$$

$$
f(x)=(x-3)(x+1)
$$

## Matching

Match each graph to its standard form, vertex form, intercept form, and $x$ - and $y$-intercepts.
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Match a Quadratic Graph to its Standard, Vertex, and Intercept Form


1. Match each graph with its corresponding description and function in Standard Form, Vertex Form, and Intercept Form.

2. 

a. Name 1 key feature that helped you match a graph with Standard Form.

$$
{ }^{\prime \prime} \text { is y-intercept }
$$

b. Name 1 key feature that helped you match a graph with a Vertex Form.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { eg feature that helped you match a graph with a a Vertex Form. } \\
& \text { Vert ex (change sign in pare nth es.) } \\
& \text { the key feature that helped you match Standard Form with a }
\end{aligned}
$$

c. Name another key feature that helped you match Standard Form with a description.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { " } a \text { " is positive ( (xp) } \\
& \text { negative (down) }
\end{aligned}
$$






| V1 |
| :--- |
| $f(x)=(x-1)^{2}-4$ |


| $\mathbf{V 4}$ |
| :--- |
|  |
| $f(x)=-x^{2}+9$ |

> V7
> $f(x)=(x+1)^{2}-4$

| V2 |
| :--- |
| $\quad f(x)=(x+3)^{2}$ |


| V5 |
| :--- |
| $f(x)=-(x-3)^{2}$ |


| V8 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
|  | $f(x)=x^{2}-9$ |


| V3 |
| :--- |
| $f(x)=-(x+1)^{2}+4$ |


| V6 |
| :--- |
|  |
| $f(x)=(x-3)^{2}$ |


| V9 |
| :--- |
| $f(x)=-(x+3)^{2}$ |


| I1 | I 4 | I 7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $f(x)=(x+3)(x-1)$ | $f(x)=-(x-3)(x-3)$ | $f(x)=-(x-3)(x+3)$ |
| I 2 | I 5 | I 8 |
| $f(x)=-(x+3)(x+3)$ | $f(x)=(x-3)(\mathrm{x}+1)$ | $f(x)=-(x+3)(x-1)$ |
| I 3 | I 6 | I 9 |
| $f(x)=(x-3)(x+3)$ | $f(x)=(x+3)(x+3)$ | $f(x)=(x-3)(x-3)$ |


| D1 |
| :--- |
| $x$-intercepts: $(-3,0)(3,0)$ |
| $y$-intercept: $(0,9)$ |
| vertex: $(0,9)$ |


| D4 |
| :--- |
|  |
| $x$-intercept: $(3,0)$ |
| $y$-intercept: $(0,-9)$ |
| vertex: $(3,0)$ |
|  |

## D7

$x$-intercepts: $(-3,0)(3,0)$
$y$-intercept: $(0,-9)$
vertex: $(0,-9)$

D5
$x$-intercepts: $(-3,0)(1,0)$
$y$-intercept: $(0,-3)$
vertex: $(-1,-4)$

D6
$x$-intercepts: $(3,0)(-1,0)$
$y$-intercept: $(0,-3)$
vertex: $(1,-4)$

## D8

$x$-intercept: $(3,0)$
$y$-intercept: $(0,9)$
vertex: $(3,0)$

## D9

$x$-intercepts: $(-3,0)(1,0)$
$y$-intercept: $(0,3)$
vertex: $(-1,4)$

